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BATTLE AND FIERCE RIOTS ARE STILL RIFE

LENINE ORDERS REDS TO SACK CITY OF NARVA AND KILL OFF THE BOURGEOISIE

SPARTACANS AGAIN ACTIVE

Turks Stage Terrible Massacre While Americans at Archangel Are Hard Pressed

Stockholm, Jan. 28.—Nikolai Lenin is reported to have ordered Bolshevik troops to retake the town of Narva within a week, and to sack the town and kill off the bourgeoisie.

Archangel, Jan. 28.—The Bolshevik troops failed in their attempt Sunday at midnight to drive the Americans and British from their positions at Tulgas on the Dvina river. Earlier, the enemy had bombarded the position with artillery.

Copenhagen, Jan. 28.—The Spartacans have overthrown the government in Wilhelmshaven in Germany and have occupied the banks and public buildings.

The Spartacans ordered court martial of their opponents. Railway traffic to and from Wilhelmshaven has ceased.

Paris, Jan. 28.—Two corps of German troops have been assembled by the German general staff to march against the Poles. It is reported here.

London, Jan. 28.—Intense anxiety is felt by the Armenians here over reports that large bodies of Turkish troops have joined Tartar bands and are attacking Armenian villages. It is reported that 20,000 Armenians were slaughtered at Baku and vicinity, after the Turks, Tartars and Germans took the city.

Archangel, Jan. 28.—Refugees are fleeing from the snow from Shenkursk. It is reported that the Bolsheviks have burned the town and massacred many of the inhabitants. The Bolshevik forces are preparing for another attack.

MRS. BAILEY ATTEMPTS TO GO POISON ROUTE

Salem, Ore., Jan. 28.—Mrs. J. J. Bailey, of Deschutes, won her appeal in the supreme court today on the decision on which she was convicted of robbing L. A. Rawlins of a promissory note a year ago. Yesterday she attempted to commit suicide with poison and was taken into custody at Bend. She had been out on bail.

RED FOX ASKS BALLOT FOR 300,000 REDSKINS

Centralia, Wash., Jan. 28.—Red Fox, an Indian chief, addressed a big crowd Friday night at the Edison school auditorium, urging that the Indian be given the ballot. Red Fox said that the 300,000 Indians in the United States, 9,000 were in uniform; that the Indians gave \$2,000,000 to the Red Cross and \$20,000,000 to other war work; that they have shown themselves to be true Americans and should be treated as such.

Red Fox and his cousin, Black Hawk, appeared on the platform in full Indian regalia. They are traveling to Washington, D. C., on ponies. The chief's lecture was for the benefit of the local Red Cross chapter.

BELFAST PEOPLE LIVING IN TERROR

200,000 Men and Women on Strike in United Kingdom—Situation Worst in Years

London, Jan. 28.—It is estimated that nearly 200,000 men and women are idle in the United Kingdom and Ireland, due to strikes, creating one of the most serious situations in years. Half of the strikers are in Belfast, which is in a state of terror.

O. A. C. BARRED ROCKS BREAK EGG RECORDS

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Jan. 28.—With all official published world records for Barred Rocks broken, two O. A. C. station hens have completed their year's laying in the limited 300-egg class. The first finished the year in November with 303 eggs and the second to break into the 300 column finished in December with 305.

The last to complete the record distinguished herself still further by an unusual if not a record run of consecutive laying for 75 days without a skip. On April 12 she laid in the trapnest, kept it up for the remaining 18 days of that month and laid all through May and went to the 26th of June before "flunking."

ALL CHILDREN NEED PHYSICAL EXERCISE

Oregon Agricultural College, Corvallis, Jan. 28.—"The city child needs physical exercise to develop strength, the country child to give agility and grace," says Dr. A. D. Browne, head of the physical education department at the college.

"No habit is more essential than exercise to physical and mental power. Yet no habit is being more universally crowded out by modern methods of manufacturing, farming and transportation.

"Thousands of soldiers went away stooping and awkward and have come back erect, strong, and self-controlled. Nine-tenths of their training was physical.

A bill for prescribing physical training in the public schools of Oregon has been introduced into the Oregon legislature. The state school superintendent is directed to supervise the training, which will be formulated by a committee of experts.

SAYS 10,000,000 ARE JOBLESS IN THE U. S.

New York, Jan. 28.—There are 10,000,000 jobless persons in the United States today, Dr. George W. Kirchwey, federal director of employment for New York states, declared in an address in Brooklyn last night.

Dr. Kirchwey predicted there would be a period "not terrible, but serious" while soldiers and war workers were being replaced in peace time industries. Quoting President Wilson as saying before he left for France that he was going to "leave the solution of the period of reconstruction to the good sense of the American people," Dr. Kirchwey asked:

"Why didn't President Wilson go before congress at the start of the war and say 'I have no plans for this war and I don't care to bother you with it. We will leave this to the good sense of the American people.'"

Dr. Kirchwey said the employment service will give preference in the assignment of jobs to men returning from overseas, but he feared that in many instances the offers would be merely "apologies for jobs."

BLOCK STEPS TO SUPPRESS RED FLAG MEN

LEADERS OF ORGANIZED LABOR THROW MONKEY WRENCH INTO MEASURE AT SALEM

ARE CALLED DOWN BY GORDON

"Labor Protests Against I. W. W. Acts, Yet Blocks All Efforts to Control Undesirables"

Salem, Ore., Jan. 28.—Representatives of organized labor yesterday blocked temporarily at least the passage of the red flag act in the houses. Gordon declared that "labor is disposed to temporize with this disloyal, trouble-making element. They protest against I. W. W. and Bolshevik elements on every occasion, yet consistently oppose all legislation against those undesirables."

The bill was re-referred to the judiciary committee. The measure would forbid the carrying of the red flag.

Salem, Jan. 28.—The house judiciary committee again reported the anti-red flag bill as unchanged. A bitter fight is waging on the measure.

Salem, Ore., Jan. 28.—Senator Ritner, of Umatilla county, introduced a bill appropriating \$500,000 for a new state penitentiary, a site to be purchased, if necessary.

SEC. DANIELS TAKES HAND

Washington, Jan. 28.—Secretary Daniels has instructed Rear Admiral Usher, at New York, to investigate the suppression by the naval guard and police reserves last night of a meeting of the discharged soldiers and sailors and marines, at which the speakers criticized the government.

WAR DEVELOPS MANY TERSE PHRASES-- "GO TO HELL" WINNER WITH YANKS

New York, Jan. 28.—The war has developed many dramatic phrases, slogans, terse epigrams, or laconic statements. Looking back over the perspective of four years of fighting it appears that the majority of these grew out of tense crises in battles, or marked historic moments when the fate of nations hung in the balance.

Take for example the slogan, "They shall not pass." During the tremendous fighting in front of Verdun when the Germans made their great desperate drive to break through the French battle lines in 1916 this saying passed from lip to lip among the French soldiers gathered there in a long drawn battle to check the terrific onslaught of the Germans. How it originated is not clear. Some have attributed it to Marshal Joffre, others to Marshal Petain who was in command of the French forces at Verdun. Others believe the saying originated with the men in the ranks. At any event they adopted it for months while the Germans vainly threw their battalions upon the stubbornly defended forts around the French city, the saying, "They shall not pass" became the watchword at Verdun. And they did not pass.

To Americans the sentiments uttered by General Pershing when he placed a wreath on the tomb of Lafayette in the Picpus cemetery in Paris conveyed a significance and an inspiration. "Lafayette, we are here," was all he said but to the American as well as to the Frenchman it was better than oratory. It meant to the American, "We are here for business and our business is to fight." It thrilled the hearts of General Pershing's people at home and the modesty of it filled them with a glow of satisfaction.

Another dramatic phrase which stirred the patriotism of the American people was that attributed to an American commander at Chateau Thierry when he responded to the advice of the French commanders to retreat by declaring: "The American flag has been compelled to retire. This is unendurable. We are going to counter attack." These statements have been attributed to both Major General Robert L. Bullard and to Major General Omar Bundy. Some observers have regarded this incident as the turning point of the war. From that time the Americans advanced. The victory of Chateau Thierry followed and thereafter the German army retreated.

Vice-Admiral William S. Sims, commanding the American naval forces in European waters was asked when the first Yankee warships arrived in England early in May, 1917, "When will you be ready for business?" He replied, "We can start at once. We made our preparations on the way over."

There was a dramatic moment, a great crisis in the world's history when General Pershing placed the American army under the command of the then General Foch who had just been made commander of all the allied forces, but none of the phrases that General Pershing used were widely quoted as epigrammatic. One which might so have been selected was the words, "All that we

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MANY MINOR MATTERS ARE CONSIDERED

HOUSE AT WASHINGTON WOULD PROHIBIT GENERAL IMMIGRATION FOR FOUR YEARS

CAN MANUFACTURE NEAR-BEER

Public Buildings Bill Receives Attention—Hawley After Appropriations for Oregon

Washington, Jan. 28.—The house immigration committee tentatively approved legislation prohibiting general immigration for four years, following the signing of the peace treaty.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The food administration announces that President Wilson signed a proclamation in Paris on January 23, removing the restrictions on the manufacture of so-called near-beers.

Washington, Jan. 28.—The enactment of a bill appropriating \$100,000,000 for European food relief completed, the house adopted the conference report accepting the senate amendment.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Hearings on the public building bill began Saturday before the sub-committee, and if it becomes a law, Oregon will have several new public buildings, in addition to improvements at Astoria. Congressman Sinnott urged with success an appropriation of \$60,000 for a site and building at Hood River, and \$10,000 for a site at Klamath Falls.

Congressman Hawley, who has been ill, was at his office Saturday, and will soon appear in support of his \$60,000 appropriation for a site and building at Oregon City and \$10,000 for a site only at Corvallis.

STRIKERS TRYING TO HALT BUSINESS

Officers of Metal Trades Union at Seattle to Ask for Sympathy Strike Over the Nation

Seattle, Wash., Jan. 28.—Officers of the Metal Trades Council announce that they are planning to ask all metal trades unions in the nation to walk out in a general sympathy strike. Some of the unions affiliated with the central labor council have already voted to strike.

"THICK HEADED" HUNS THINK THEY WON THE WAR

Paris, Jan. 28.—A French general who just arrived from Berlin, describing conditions in the German capital in the Matin, says:

"The German people, believing the war is over, think that their bad times are at an end. They do not believe that the German army was beaten, and that, therefore, no war indemnity will be exacted. They labor under illusions regarding the feelings of the American people, especially President Wilson. I have seen processions passing the Adlon hotel cheering the general in command of the American mission in Berlin."

PEOPLE EATING FOOD THEY USED TO SCORN

Winnipeg, Can., Jan. 28.—War time conservation campaigns in the Canadian Northwest have changed the appetites of the people. Hundreds of tons of fish and game, once deemed unfit as food, are being consumed each month throughout the Dominion.

Whale and flat fish seem to lead as sea foods, while beaver and other fur bearing animals, hitherto unthought of as table delicacies, likewise are given prominent places in the food lists.

Whale meat, which failed to win recognition in Canada until last summer, is being sold by the ton from Vancouver to Halifax. The Dominion food board's success in the campaign to market Pacific flat fish is indicated by the official estimate that 3,500,000 pounds have been consumed in six months. Fishermen formerly threw away this fish.

Until 1918 trappers retained only the pelts of beavers. The Minnesota campaign in behalf of beaver flesh as a food attracted attention in Manitoba and hotels in this province added beaver meat to their menus.

Later someone discovered that chickens "went wild over beaver" and resulting experiments indicated that a diet of beaver meat improved the egg laying qualities of hens in cold weather.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Senator Jones introduced a bill today donating a German cannon to every county seat town in Washington.

JAG ARTISTS ESCAPE ON A TECHNICALITY

It now develops that for the past year Ashland has had no legal police court and all the fines imposed and sentences passed are absolutely illegal. The other day the arrest of Mr. Perrine for intoxication resulted in his denying the charge, not only.

Employing Attorney Briggs to attack the legality of the city court, Briggs filed a motion that the charge be quashed on the ground that the council in pretending to amend the city charter transferring the city court jurisdiction from the recorder to a police judge had never been legally passed and therefore the Ashland police court was pretending to act but did not exist by law. The city admitted the point and discharged the defendant.—Ashland Tidings.

FIELD AGENT MAKES OREGON STOCK SURVEY

NUMBER OF MILCH COWS DECREASE 5,000 HEAD IN STATE DURING THE PAST YEAR

MORE SHEEP ON THE FARMS

Values Per Head of Cattle, Milch Cows and Swine Increase—Horses, Mules and Sheep Decrease

Portland, Ore., Jan. 28.—An increase in the number of horses, cattle, sheep and hogs in Oregon on January 1, 1919, as compared with the number of the same animals a year previous, is shown in a report issued by F. L. Kent, field agent of the United States department of agriculture, in Portland. The number of mules remains the same, 10,000, and the number of milk cows decreased from 227,000 to 222,000 during the year, according to these figures. Values per head, of cattle, milk cows and swine increased, while those of horses, mules and sheep decreased during the year.

On the whole, says Field Agent Kent, climatic conditions as affecting livestock during the past year have averaged fairly well with former years. The ill effects of a very dry summer were practically offset by an early spring, also by early fall rains. In the alfalfa growing section, the yield per acre was probably above the average, but the less than usual acreage reduced the total crop of the state as a whole. Aphid attacks reduced the early hay crop in the west of the state and the wild hay crop was reduced by dry weather but helped out to some extent by the seeding of acres normally too wet for cultivation. The open character of the winter to date, has materially relieved a hay situation which, at harvest time, promised to be pretty serious.

The number of sheep in farm flocks materially increased during 1918. In several counties the increase was around 20 per cent. But in some of the range districts a falling off in number of sheep is reported. Some of the larger owners decided the "peak" price of sheep and sheep products has been reached last fall and they materially reduced the size of their flocks. On the whole, a slight increase in the number in the state is indicated.

The number of stock hogs listed by county assessors March 1, 1918, showed an increase of about 25 per cent over the number listed a year previous, which was the lowest since 1911. Brood sows have been in good demand during recent months. It seems probable that hogs will continue to increase in numbers, according to the field agent.

In the Portland stockyards, the principal market place for Oregon stock, a decided increase in sales of all classes of livestock was reported in 1918 over 1917. However, a considerable quantity of stock from the eastern portion of the state is shipped to the middle west markets. In 1918, shipments of cattle eastward are reported to have been from 25 to 40 per cent greater than in the previous year. Eastward movement of Oregon sheep and hogs is reported as being less in 1918 than in 1917.

CALIFORNIA HARD HIT BY CANCELED ORDERS

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 28.—Shipbuilding contracts aggregating \$51,000,000 in California yards have been cancelled by the Emergency Fleet Corporation. Thirty-four ship hulls are affected.